











Firefighter Pension Schemes

Annual General Meeting
Day One - Governance

17 September 2018



Agenda

- Chair's Welcome
- Keynote Speech, Rachel Watson, Head of Police Workforce and Professionalism Unit, Home Office
- Local Pension Board Effectiveness Committee, Tristan Ashby
- Joint Local Pension Boards, Ian Howe and Sarah Mekins
- Governance Panel Session
- Networking Drinks Reception





Chair's welcome

Malcolm Eastwood

Chair of the Firefighters Scheme Advisory

Board (England)



Rachel Watson Head of Police Workforce and Professionalism Unit

17 September 2018



Tristan Ashby

Chair of the Local Pension Board Effectiveness Committee



Purpose

- > The LPB effectiveness committee considers how local pension boards and scheme managers can be supported centrally
- The committee will provide reminders of good governance tools and progress actions necessary as a result of the Pensions Regulator's governance and administration survey.
- > www.fpsboard.org
- > SAB Local Pension Board Survey here



Key processes

	Rating	Process in place
Terms of Reference	8.5	100%
Conflict of interest	8.1	97.30%
Breach of Law register	6.7	70.27%
Risk register	6.9	72.97%
Knowledge and understanding programme	7.3	97.30%



Scheme governance - Experience

Key themes to boards working well

Joint working and collaboration, positive engagement between scheme manager and board

Good attendance and regular meetings

Implementation of key documents, risk and breach registers, action plans and training logs

Increased awareness of issues affecting the FPS

Performance and annual reporting

Improved scheme communications

Ability to monitor compliance



Scheme governance - Experience

Key themes to areas for improvement

Implementation and publication of key documents, risk and breach registers

Turnover of board members and subsequently keeping skills up to date

Formation of joint ie regional boards

Training

Increase profile of board within organisation

Increase number of board members

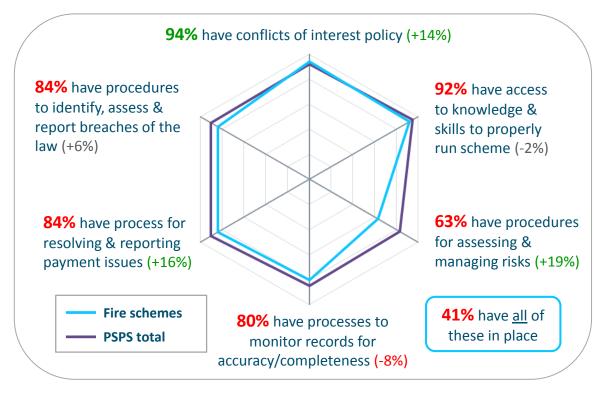
Scheme manager communication / engagement and attendance at meetings

- Performance much improved since 2016, although only 41% have all 6 key processes in place
- Increases in proportion with risk register (+31%)
 & procedures for assessing/managing risks (+19%)
- Improved use of conflicts of interest policies (+14%)
- Significant improvement on ABS, with 73% meeting deadline for all members (+41%)
- Fall in proportion identifying BoL (-29%)

Fire & rescue schemes

Green/red figures indicate result is higher/lower than PS total (any difference, not just statistically significant ones)

Figures in brackets on chart refer to % change from 2016 survey (with statistically significant changes highlighted green/red)



Scheme governance

- have sufficient time & resources to run the scheme properly
- of pension boards meet at least quarterly
- of scheme managers (or their representative) attend every board meeting

Communications

- of schemes report that all members received their ABS on time
- **42%** of those missing ABS deadline made a breach of the law report

Internal controls

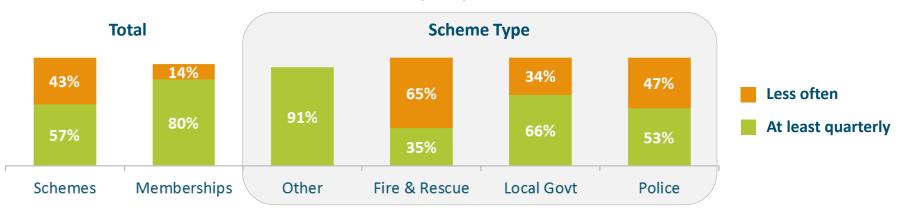
- **69%** of schemes have a risk register
- review exposure to new & existing risks at least quarterly
- identified breaches of the law in last 12 months (vs. 39% overall)
- reported any breaches to TPR in last 12 months (vs. 17% overall)

Data & record keeping

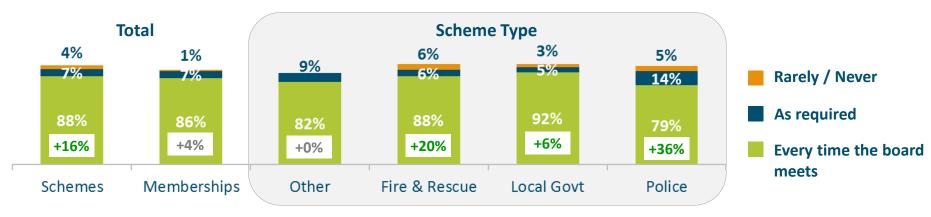
- 71% of schemes report that 90%+ of employers provide timely data
- report that 90%+ of employers provide accurate & complete data
- have completed a data review in last 12 months
- **49%** of those undertaking a data review identified any issues
- 62% of those identifying issues have completed rectification work

Pension board meetings





How often does the scheme manager, or their representative, attend pension board meetings?



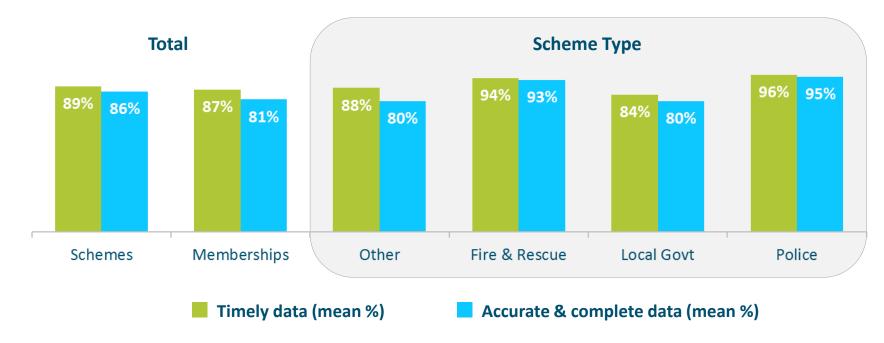
Base: All respondents (Base, Don't know, Did not answer question)

Frequency of meeting - Schemes (191, 0%, 0%), Memberships (191, 0%, 5%), Other (11, 0%, 9%), Fire (49, 0%, 0%), LG (88, 0%, 0%), Police (43, 0%, 0%) Scheme manager attendance - Schemes (191, 1%, 0%), Memberships (191, 0%, 5%), Other (11, 0%, 9%), Fire (49, 0%, 0%), LG (88, 0%, 0%), Police (43, 2%, 0%)

More than half of boards meet at least quarterly – but fire schemes least likely to do so. An increase since 2016 in scheme managers attending meetings (but may be due to question changes).

Provision of timely, accurate & complete data by employers

What proportion of your scheme's employers provide you with timely, accurate and complete data?



Proportion where at least 90% of employers provide:	Schemes	Memberships	Other	Fire & Rescue	Local Govt	Police
Timely data	62%	54%	55%	71%	51%	79%
Accurate/complete data	55%	39%	36%	65%	41%	79%

Base: All respondents (Base, Don't know timely, Don't know accurate/complete, Did not answer question)
Schemes (191, 9%, 12%, 2%), Memberships (191, 2%, 14%, 0%), Other (11, 0%, 18%, 0%), Fire (49, 20%, 22%, 2%), LG (88, 6%, 7%, 0%), Police (43, 7%, 9%, 7%)



Current concerns

- Good to see increase of 9% in Fire schemes having all processes in place, but concerned that only 41% seem to have these!
- Concerning gaps on Internal Controls
- > Only 63% of boards have a risk register, however 19% increased noted!
- > Lack of governance over the GMP reconciliation
- > Still some lack of understanding over roles



Board meetings

- > 62% of boards elected to proceed with minimum of two meetings
 - Is that enough?
- > Have you considered the timings of your meetings in order to respond to;
 - Assessment of board following TPR results
 - Annual Benefit Statements
 - Pension Saving Statements
 - Submitting TPR governance and admin survey



Guidance to support boards include;

- Breach assessment guide
- > Risk register
- > LPB assessment guides
- > Scheme manager delegation guidance
- Publishing best practice
- Annual Wrap Up Training
- > Board Training
- > Scheme Manager Training
- Governance conferences
- Regional Groups



SAB Joint Board Guidance



The scheme rules [4A, paragraph 2] set out in what circumstances a joint local pension board may be established if approval in writing is obtained from the secretary of state.

(2) Where the administration and management of this scheme is wholly or mainly shared by two or more scheme managers, those scheme managers may establish a joint local pension board if approval in writing has been obtained from the Secretary of State.



The Scheme Advisory Board have prepared a set of eight questions to test shared management, requiring detailed evidence to ensure that a joint board is not used as a vehicle for poorly performing boards.



- 1. What evidence can you provide to show how each of the single boards are already operating well?
- 2. Can you evidence how process and procedures apply equally to all scheme managers operating within the shared arrangement?
- 3. How would employer and employee representatives from each scheme be represented on the joint board?
- 4. What value would your joint board give to scheme member experience, over and above your current single board operation?



- 5. How are you going to approach scheme decisions thata) may be specific to the needs of a single FRA, andb) where you may want to ensure consistency between FRAs on decisions?
- 6. How will the joint board ensure that individual scheme managers are complying with regulation 4A(1)?
- 7. Approval by the secretary of state may be withdrawn under paragraph 3 of regulation 4A, how are you going to evidence the continued effective and efficient governance that the joint board provides to comply with this regulation?
- 8. What evidence can you provide of consultation with stakeholders, are there any objections from any party to forming a joint board?





Why was our region interested?

- Leicestershire County Council (LCC) administers fire-fighters pensions for Nottinghamshire, Derbyshire and Leicestershire FAs
- The three FAs and their Pension Board Members already work closely
- All three FAs, their Pension Boards and LCC consider benefits can be gained from a joint board and agreed to submit a request to the Secretary of State





- Some of the benefits of a Joint Board
 - Improved delivery of best practice
 - More cost effective governance
 - Greater spread of knowledge and increased resilience of the Board Members
 - Greater conformity of information to members (e.g. agreed comms, ABS layout etc)
 - Scheme Managers and Officers at the FAs assist each other
 - Increased training opportunities
 - Meets collaboration agenda
 - New joint system developments (e.g. on-line portal for scheme members)
 - Improved guidance for decisions (e.g. voluntary scheme pays annual allowance)
 - Reduced risk around regulatory, financial and operational areas





- Some of the challenges experienced
 - Agreeing the make up of the Joint Board
 - Ironing out the differences between the current three Boards (e.g. an open or closed meeting)
 - Agreeing how to decide where one FAs has made a positive decision to differ to the other two (e.g. a differing discretion)
 - Demonstrating how the 8 SAB criteria are met
 - Deciding on what would happen if one FA decided to leave or a new FA wanted to join
 - Formal sign off by the three separate FAs





- Where we are and the next steps
 - The three FAs and LCC had a day with colleagues from the LGA and Home Office detailing our bid
 - A submission has been developed covering the 8 criteria
 - The submission will be sent to the Secretary of State by the close of September
 - If signed off by the Secretary of State, the new constitution will be written and signed off by the 3 FAs
 - The Joint Board will commence.....watch this space.







Joint Police Pension Board

Joint Governance; Challenges and Successes

Sarah Mekins, Chair Joint Police Pension Board [HR Consultant, North Yorkshire Police]







Why a joint board?

Collaboration with other Forces

Opportunity for members to share learning

Members access to other national forums

Regular inputs from TPR representatives and NPCC advisor







Joint Police Pension Board in numbers

14 Police Organisations (including National Crime Agency)

8 members of the board

Total membership numbers covered by the Joint Board

	Active	Deferred	Pensioners	Dependents	Total
Old – PPS	6,325	6,081	30,536	5,079	48,021
New – NPPS	447	1,499	76	29	2,051
CARE – 2015	17,755	1,386	133	32	19,306
	24,527	8,966	30,745	5,140	69,378







North Yorkshire Pension Fund in numbers

+150 Employers pay into fund

9 members of the board

Total membership numbers with North Yorkshire Pension Fund

	Active	Deferred	Pensioners	Dependant s	Total
LGPS 2014	32,166	36,494	19,204	2,793	90,657







Successes

Development of Board activities and members

Use of resources available (Pension Board Conference)

Increased visibility of Board

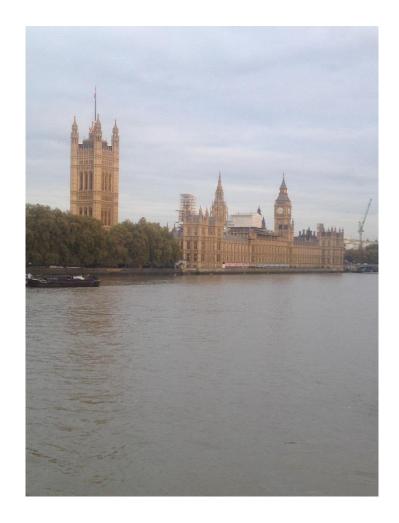
Specific investigation topics (Opt outs)



Panel Session







Networking Session Beecham Room